文都2020考研英语(二)作文模板

在本章中,我们将针对所有图表作文题型进行句型方面的简单总结,直接将句型归纳为功能段,并提炼出框架范文,即我们所说的"万用魔板",同时在第二节中给出相应例题的范文及其参考译文。读者应该重点背诵和默写本章范文。本章的目的是让考生灵活运用所学内容,写出不雷同、具有自身特色的高分作文。

第 1 节 功能段与框架范文

在这一节,我们罗列6大框架范文。

范文 一〇

The statistics offered by the chart above illustrate the changes in the number of (sth.) in (范围). It is not hard to see that the number of (sth.) in (范围) dramatically increased from (数据) in (年份) to (数据) in (年份), while the number of (sth.) just witnessed a relatively slight increase; from (数据) in (年份) to (数据) in (年份).

There are two factors that can account for the phenomenon. The first important factor is the rapid economic development and the growth of purchasing power, which can explain the sharp increase in the number of (sth.) in (范围). Relatively speaking, (完整句子), which brings to light the fact that the number of (sth.) increased very slowly. The other factor is (sth.). (Sth.) directly leads to the increase of (sth.), then, indirectly, leading to the increase of (sth.).



So what will be the possible tendency of the situation reflected by the chart? It is not too much to say that (完整句子). The situation in (范围) may stay at the same level.

段落形式总结 一数据分析+原因分析+趋势预测

参考译文

上图提供的统计数字表明在(范围)(某事物)数量的变化。不难看出,在(范围)中(某事物)的数量从(年份)的(数据)急剧增加到(年份)的(数据),然而(某事物)的数量仅仅缓慢增加:从(年份)的(数据)增加到(年份)的(数据)。

有两个因素可以解释这个现象。首要的因素是经济的快速发展和购买力的增长,这可以解释在(范围)(某事物)数量的急剧增加。相对而言,(完整句子),这解释了(某事物)数量增加非常缓慢的事实。另一个因素是(某事物)。(某事物)直接导致了(某事物)的增加,然后,间接地导致(某事物)的增加。

所以,图表反映的情况可能的趋势是什么呢?毫不夸张地说, (完整句子)。在(范围)中的情形可能保持在相同水平。

范文二(5)

As is clearly shown in the chart, there is a series of figures showing the ratio of (sth.). It can be seen that (sth.) takes up the most of (sth.), which accounts for (数据) of the total. The second largest portion of (sth.) is used for (sth.) and (sth.), with (sth.) and (sth.) making up (数据) and (数据) respectively. Among these, (sth.) comes up to be the lowest, (数据) of the whole.

So what can be drawn from the chart? It is not hard to understand that (sth.) takes up the biggest proportion, which indicates that (sth.) is the biggest reason of (sth.). It naturally follows that only by solving the problem of (sth.) can we find a way out for the situation suggested by the chart. Then, the question is: in what way can we deal with the issue of (sth.)?



Among various kinds of solutions, (sth.) might be the most effective answer to this question. It's mainly due to the fact that (sth.) can provide a very convenient and quick solution to the problem. It is also necessary to appeal to the public to strengthen the awareness of (doing sth.), which is very constructive to the problem solving reflected by the chart.

参考译文

正如图表中清晰所示,有一系列数字表明(某事物)的比例。可以看出(某事物)占据(某事物)的比例最大,占总数的(数据)。 (某事物)的第二大部分被用于(某事物)和(某事物),而(某事物)和(某事物)分别占(数据)和(数据)。其中,(某事物)占比最低,占总数的(数据)。

所以我们可以从图表中得出什么呢?不难理解(某事物)占据最大的比例,这表明(某事物)是(某事物)最大的原因。自然只有通过解决(某事物)的问题,我们才能找到图表所反映情况的出路。那么,问题是:我们如何处理(某事物)的问题呢?

在各种解决方案中,(某事物)可能是该问题最有效的答案。 这主要是因为(某事物)可以为该问题提供一个非常便捷且快速的 解决方案。呼吁公众加强(做某事)的意识也是有必要的,这对图 表中所反映问题的解决是非常有建设性的。

范文三〇

As is clearly demonstrated by the chart, the author is trying to interpret the changes of (sth.). According to the figures shown above, in (年份), (sth.) topped the (范围), while in (年份), the percentage of (sth.) decreased obviously from (数据) to (数据), with (sth.) increasing from (数据) to (数据), and (sth.) staying at the same level of (数据).

So what are the reasons behind the phenomenon mirrored by the chart? The most important factor, as far as I am concerned, is (名词



短语). There is no doubt in saying that with the advancement of science and technology, (完整句子). In consequence, (完整句子). Moreover, it is known to us all that (完整句子) and (sth.) is an essential matter.

Taking an objective and scientific attitude toward the phenomenon is very important. On the one hand, (完整句子); on the other hand, (完整句子). It is necessary that we bear in mind that (完整句子). It's due to the fact that (完整句子).

段落形式总结 数据描述+原因分析+科学面对

参考译文

正如图表中清晰所示,作者正试图解释(某事物)的变化。根据上面所示的数据,在(年份),(某事物)在(范围)占比最多,而在(年份),(某事物)的百分比明显从(数据)下降到(数据),同时(某事物)从(数据)增加到(数据),而(某事物)保持在相同水平,为(数据)。

所以图表所反映的现象背后的原因是什么呢?据我所知,最重要的因素是(名词短语)。毫无疑问,随着科技的发展,(完整句子)。因此,(完整句子)。并且,众所周知(完整句子),而(某事物)是根本问题。

对该现象采取客观科学的态度非常重要。一方面,(完整句子);另一方面,(完整句子)。我们有必要记住(完整句子)。这是因为(完整句子)。

港文四(1

As is clearly shown in the chart, there is a series of statistics suggesting the relationship between A and B/showing the great effects of A on B. According to the table, (数据) of people in their (年龄段)(补充说明), and (数据) of people between the age of 41 and 50 (补充说明). The percentage decreases sharply to (数据) when people reach their (年龄段).

So what are the invisible and probable reasons behind the phenom- \cdot 4 \cdot



enon reflected by the chart? The most important factor to be considered is the fact that (完整句子), which brings a negative influence on (名词短语). In the second place, (补充说明). The two reasons mentioned above are the most important ones leading to the changes of people's attitude toward their life and work.

It is high time that we paid close attention to (名词成分). Holding a positive attitude to work is the most important factor to our personal growth and the social development. Only when most of us are optimistic about life and satisfied with our work can we build a harmonious society. For my part, to ameliorate the work environment and to raise the salary are the two most effective ways to better people's living quality and work attitude.

参考译文

正如图表清晰所示,有一系列统计数据表明 A 和 B 之间的关系/表明 A 对 B 的巨大影响。根据表格,(年龄段)的人中有(数据)(补充说明),并且年龄在 41 岁到 50 岁之间的人中有(数据)(补充说明)。当人们到(年龄段)的时候,百分比急剧下降到(数据)。

所以,该图表所反映的现象背后不可见而又可能的原因是什么呢? 需考虑的最重要的因素是(完整句子),这对(名词短语)有负面影响。其次,(补充说明)。上面提及的这两个原因是导致人们对其生活和工作态度改变的最重要原因。

我们该密切注意(名词成分)。对工作持有积极态度是我们个人成长和社会发展的最重要因素。只有当我们大多数人对生活乐观且对我们的工作满意的时候,我们才能构建一个和谐的社会。在我看来,改善工作环境和提高工资是改善人们生活质量和工作态度的两个最有效的方式。

范文五 🤼

As is clearly depicted by the charts, there are statistics showing the



influence of A on B. According to the charts, though there were measures taken to control the problem of (sth.), the number of people (doing sth.) was still large and increasing. The total number of (sth.) added up to (数据), and the percentage of (sth.) reached (数据).

There is no doubt in saying that (sth.) has been bringing a destructive influence on human beings due to the fact that (sth.) can destroy people's health and even kill them. On the one hand, (完整句子); on the other hand, (完整句子). Therefore, the need to curb the phenomenon of (sth.) is urgent.

It is high time that we took effective and efficient steps to fight against the phenomenon mirrored by the charts. The most important measure to be taken is to make strict laws to prevent (sth.). In the second place, it is necessary to appeal to the public to strengthen the awareness of the harm of (sth.). Only in this way can the problem reflected by the charts be solved.

段落形式总结 数据描述+危害分析+解决措施

参考译文

正如图表中清晰所描绘的那样,有一些统计数据表明 A 对 B 的影响。根据图表,虽然采取过控制(某事物)问题的措施,但是(做某事)的人数仍然很多并且在增加。(某事物)的总数为(数据),并且(某事物)的百分比达到(数据)。

毫无疑问,(某事物)对人类产生了破坏性的影响,因为(某事物)可以损害人们的健康甚至致死。一方面,(完整句子);另一方面,(完整句子)。因此,控制(某事物)现象的需求是紧迫的。

现在是我们采取有效且高效的措施来与图表中所反映的现象作斗争的时候了。要采取的最重要的措施就是制定严厉的法律以防止(某事物)。其次,有必要呼吁公众加强对(某事物)危害的意识。只有这样,图表中所反映的问题才能得到解决。



范文六 🔁

As is clearly demonstrated by the chart, there is a series of figures showing the changes in the number of (sth.). From (年份) to (年份), the number of (sth.) increased dramatically from (数据) to (数据), while the percentage of (sth.) decreased obviously from (数据) to (数据).

There is no denying in saying that in recent decades, the number of (sth.) has been steadily and continuously increasing due to the fact that (完整句子). It is not hard to understand that (完整句子), thus attracting an increasing number of people to (do sth.).

So what will be the possible tendency of the phenomenon reflected by the chart in the future? From my perspective, the percentage of (sth.) will keep increasing in the following decades owing to the truth that (完整句子). On the contrary, the number of (sth.) will probably continue to decline in the future.

参考译文

正如图表中清晰所示,有一系列数据表明(某事物)数量的变化。从(年份)到(年份),(某事物)的数量从(数量)急剧增加到(数量),而(某事物)的百分比从(数据)明显减少到(数据)。

不可否认,在最近几十年,(某事物)的数量一直在稳定并持续增加,因为(完整句子)。不难理解(完整句子),因此吸引越来越多的人(做某事)。

所以,图表中所反映的现象未来可能的趋势是什么呢? 在我看来,(某事物)的百分比将在接下来的几十年里持续增加,因为(完整句子)。相反,(某事物)的数量将很可能在未来继续下降。



◇ 以上六大框架范文各段功能总结如下: ◇

段落形式总结 1:数据分析+原因分析+趋势预测 段落形式总结 2:数据描述+问题总结+解决措施 段落形式总结 3:数据描述+原因分析+科学面对 段落形式总结 4:数据描述+原因分析+解决措施 段落形式总结 5:数据描述+危害分析+解决措施 段落形式总结 6:数据描述+危害分析+解决措施

小结

从以上范文和功能段框架汇总可以看出:英语(二)大作文第一段基本上都是数据分析或描述;第二段也仅分为4种:原因分析,危害分析,内涵分析,问题总结;第三段分为3种:科学面对,趋势预测,解决措施。也就是说,我们一共掌握这几种段落写法,就彻底解决了英语(二)大作文。接下来我们任意举例,试着写一下。请注意:在实战演练中,如果到了一定的熟练程度,我们要学会融会贯通,在以某一种模板为主的情况下,适当吸收不同模板的句型和写法,这会让大家的作文内容更加丰富,绝对不会出现雷同试卷,尽管很多考生都在参考这6个模板。



第2节 范文操练

在学习和总结前面范文框架的基础之上,本节用具体的3个图表对所给出的框架范文进一步操练和实践。以下3个例题所反映的主题都是常见话题,需要读者认真学习。3个例题并不能反映六大框架范文的全部内容,在第三章中我们将会进一步地详细操练和讲解。

例题操练 一〇〇



Unemployment rates in U.S. and Japan

分析(气

这幅图看起来十分复杂,很多同学对图表中的数字一筹莫展, 其实通过仔细分析,就会发现很简单:美国的失业率一开始很高, 后来降低;日本的失业率一开始很低,后来升高。而且美国和日本 的失业率到了 2019 年都变成了 5%。

所以,我们一定要把图表的数据化繁为简,不要想得太复杂, 更不要写得太复杂。

我们完全可以确定第一段要描述数据,第二段可以分析背后的原因,第三段呢?回忆一下给出的所有模板,我们可以写趋势预测。如果觉得趋势不好详细预测,那就简单预测一下:日本失业率



有攀升的趋势,美国的失业率有下降的趋势。关键是保证数据描述的准确性以及原因分析的合理性。

重温上一节[范文一]

The statistics offered by the chart above illustrate the changes in the number of (sth.) in (范围). It is not hard to see that the number of (sth.) in (范围) dramatically increased from (数据) in (年份) to (数据) in (年份), while the number of (sth.) just witnessed a relatively slight increase; from (数据) in (年份) to (数据) in (年份).

There are two factors that can account for the phenomenon. The first important factor is the rapid economic development, which can explain the sharp increase in the number of (sth.) in (范围). Relatively speaking, (完整句子), which brings to light the fact that the number of (sth.) increased very slowly. The other factor is (sth.). (Sth.) directly leads to the increase of (sth.), then, indirectly, leading to the increase of (sth.).

So what will be the possible tendency of the situation reflected by the chart? It is not too much to say that (完整句子). The situation in (范围) may stay at the same level.

段落形式总结 数据分析+原因分析+趋势预测

【范文一】改写

The statistics offered by the chart above illustrate the changes in (the unemployment rates in Japan and America). It is not hard to see that (the unemployment rate in Japan) dramatically increased from (3%) in (2013) to (5%) in (2019), while the rate in (America) just witnessed an obvious decrease: from (6.5%) in (2013) to (5%) in (2019).

There are two factors that can account for the phenomenon. The first important factor is the (slow) economic development and the (de- \cdot 10 \cdot



crease of job opportunities), which can explain the sharp increase in the (unemployment rate in Japan). Relatively speaking, (the economic development is rather better in America), which brings to light the fact that the (unemployment rate decreased steadily).

So what will be the possible tendency of the situation reflected by the chart? It is not too much to say that (the unemployment rate may continue to decline in America but increase in Japan).

参考译文

以上图表提供的数据表明了(日本和美国失业率)的变化。不难发现,(日本的失业率)从(2013年)的(3%)上升到(2019年)的(5%);而(美国)的失业率却有明显的下降:从(2013年)的(6.5%)下降到(2019年)的(5%)。

有两个因素可以解释这个现象。首先是(缓慢的)经济增长和(就业机会的减少)解释了为什么(日本失业率)急剧上升。相对而言,(美国经济发展较好),这就解释了为什么(美国失业率稳步降低)。

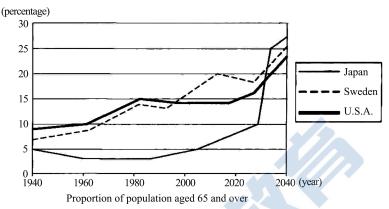
那么,图表反映情况的可能趋势会是什么样的呢?毫不夸张地说,(美国的失业率可能持续下降而日本的失业率可能持续上升)。

总结

- 1. 我们在这篇作文中省略了模板中的部分句子。虽然词数比原来的少了,但依然有170,跟要求的150左右完全吻合。本书给出的6大范文词数都超过了大纲要求词数,目的是避免大家改动后词数不够。
- 2. 本文没有完全描述图表中的数据以及"美国与日本在 2019 年失业率持平"的事实,因为这样一来我们还要分析持平的原因,会大大增加写作难度。所以,我们绕开这一点,虽然不能拿到满分15分,但拿到14分是没有多大问题的。大家不要期待作文能得满分,接近满分就好。







分析(2)

这篇图表作文非常典型,在英语(二)作文复习中要高度重视。 我们要牢记将所有数据化繁为简的原则,宁可漏掉少量数据,也不可以为了把数据全面说明而导致很多语法和表达的错误——低分就是这样"炼成"的。

从图表中我们发现两个特点:

- 1. 到 2040 年,3 个国家的老龄人口(65 岁及以上)都将达到 25% 左右:
- 2. 跟瑞士和美国相比,日本的老龄人口将在长期缓慢增长后突然急剧增长,而美国和瑞士的老龄人口相对增加没那么急剧。

在本篇作文中,只要把这两点完全说清楚,就基本符合要求了。但是在实际操作中,我们一定要选择给出的模板之一,不要试图写出不熟悉的结构和句型。

各段规划:(段落形式总结6:数据描述+内涵分析+趋势预测)

我们可以对上一节【范文六】的模板加以微调,在具体写作中,如果对以上6大模板掌握到了可以熟练默写的程度,就可以灵活组合其中的句型。具体如下:



重温上一节【范文介】

As is clearly demonstrated by the chart, there is a series of figures showing the changes in the number of (sth.). From (年份) to (年份), the number of (sth.) increased dramatically from (数据) to (数据), while the percentage of (sth.) decreased obviously from (数据) to (数据).

There is no denying in saying that in recent decades, the number of (sth.) has been steadily and continuously increasing due to the fact that (完整句子). It is not hard to understand that (完整句子), thus attracting an increasing number of people to (do sth.).

So what will be the possible tendency of the phenomenon reflected by the chart in the future? From my perspective, the percentage of (sth.) will keep increasing in the following decades owing to the truth that (完整句子). On the contrary, the number of (sth.) will probably continue to decline in the future.

【范文介】改写+其他范文句型融合

As is clearly demonstrated by the chart, there is a series of figures showing the changes in the (proportion of population aged 65 and over in Japan, Sweden and the USA). From (1940) to (2020), the percentages of (the population aged 65 and over in the three countries) have been increasing rather slowly from (5%,7% and 9%) to (7%, 19% and 15%) respectively, while the percentages in all the three countries may increase dramatically to (around 25%) from 2020 to 2040, with the increase in Japan being the most obvious.

There is no denying in saying that in recent decades, the (proportion of population aged 65 and over) has been steadily and continuously increasing due to the fact that (people in developed countries are unwill-



ing to give birth to babies owing to some reasons). It is not hard to understand that (with the development of science and technology, people's living quality has been greatly improved and the life span has been obviously prolonged), thus leading to the phenomenon reflected by the chart.

So what will be the possible tendency of the phenomenon reflected by the chart in the future? From my perspective, the (proportion of population aged 65 and over in Japan, Sweden and the USA) will keep increasing in the following decades.

参考译文

如图所示,一系列数据表明了(日本、瑞典和美国 65 岁及以上人群比重)的变化。从(1940年)到(2020年),(这 3 个国家 65 岁及以上群体)比例分别从(5%、7%和 9%)上升到(7%、19%和15%),而在这 3 个国家中这个群体的比重可能在 2020年到 2040年间急剧增长到(25%左右),其中日本的增长最为明显。

毫无疑问地说,在近几十年,(65岁及以上人群比重)稳定并持续增加,这是因为(发达国家人群由于某些原因不愿生孩子)。 不难理解,(随着科技发展,人们的生活水平大大提高,其寿命明显延长),从而造成图表反映的现象。

图表所反映现象的可能趋势会是什么样的?在我看来,(日本、瑞典和美国65岁及以上人群比重)将在接下来的几十年里持续增长。

总结

- 1. 第一段描述数据时,我们对范文作了一些修改,使用了现在完成进行时,最后还使用了 with 引导的独立主格结构。在数据表述中,我们采用了 around 25%(25%上下)等表示大约的数字,这样省去了描述差不多数值的麻烦。
- 2. 第二段分析原因时,我们用了比较浅显的分析。为什么老龄人口多?主要是因为年轻人口少了。为什么年轻人口少了?原·14·



因是当今社会竞争压力大,人们对生育孩子不像 20 世纪五六十年代那样有热情。不过,至于"人们不想生孩子的原因",就不要讨论了。一旦进入比较深刻的讨论,我们就会越说越多,容易出错。我们的目的是作文拿到高分,不是要展示自己的思想境界。在这篇范文中,还谈到了"生活水平的提高""人们的寿命变长",这些分析谈不上深刻,但绝对算得上是"正当理由"。在考研英语(二)大作文写作中,要记住:注重形式,不需太注重思想。

- 3. 第三段分析趋势, 也说得很简单: 人口老龄化是一个趋势。 要避免细说和多说, 因为说多了说细了容易出错。比如有的人会 谈论解决措施, 这就很难写了。恐怕除了说"我们要鼓励人们生孩 子", 再没什么可说的了。不说比较好, 除非题目明文规定让你写 解决措施。
- 4. 本文的数据描述篇幅相对前面几篇较长,而且评论部分写得也比较简单,如果满分15分,本文只能拿到13分,但绝对不会低于13分。如果想要把文章写得有深度,恐怕得不偿失。

フロ: 00 150: 00 100: 00 70: 31 68:23 111: 04 114:48 115:14 119:52 125:41 129:00 103:43 107:06 100:00 2018.01 2018.02 2018.03 2018.04 2018.05 2018.06 2018.07 2018.08 2018.09 2018.10

iUser Tracker——2018年1~10月中国博客服务人均月度 有效浏览时间及增长率

■ 人均月度有效浏览时间(分:秒) → 増长率(%)



分析(2

这个图表乍看复杂。但是我们不需要面面俱到地描述图表, 只要抓要点、大概就行了。

该图反映了两个现象:

- 1.1、2 月博客浏览时长最短,为什么? 寒假是春节,人们忙于过年,因而没有时间浏览博客。(考虑到描述"博客浏览时长"比较复杂,我们直接表述成"博客浏览人次"的变化。因为博客浏览人次的变化是博客浏览时长增减的主要因素。)
- 2.7、8 月属于最高峰, 博客浏览时间最长。为什么?暑假期间, 学生群体待在家里, 比较有空。到了9月, 开学了, 浏览率又开始下降。

我们也可以从宏观角度谈论一下:随着信息技术的发展,中国 人越来越重视网络交流,能谈到这一点更好。然后可以在第三段 谈论趋势。

重温上一节【范文亢】

· 16 ·

As is clearly demonstrated by the chart, there is a series of figures showing the changes in the number of (sth.). From (年份) to (年份), the number of (sth.) increased dramatically from (数据) to (数据), while the percentage of (sth.) decreased obviously from (数据) to (数据).

There is no denying in saying that in recent decades, the number of (sth.) has been steadily and continuously increasing due to the fact that (完整句子). It is not hard to understand that (完整句子), thus attracting an increasing number of people to (do sth.).

So what will be the possible tendency of the phenomenon reflected by the chart in the future? From my perspective, the percentage of (sth.) will keep increasing in the following decades owing to the truth that (完整句子). On the contrary, the number of (sth.) will proba-



bly continue to decline in the future.

【范文介】改写

As is clearly demonstrated by the chart, there is a series of figures showing the changes in the number of (blog users). From (January) to (February), the number of (blog users) is the smallest (in the year 2018), while the number of (blog users) in (July) and (August) is the largest.

It is not hard to understand that (in July and August, students enjoy the summer vacation), thus attracting an increasing number of people to (use blogs in summer). Nevertheless, the number of people (using blogs in January and February) is the smallest because of the celebration of the New Year and the Spring Festival.

So what will be the possible tendency of the phenomenon reflected by the chart in the future? From my perspective, the percentage of (people using blogs) will keep increasing in the following decades owing to the rapid development of information technology.

总结

本文第一段我们做了改写,但不是从简单变复杂,而是从复杂变简单。第二段我们直接省略了范文的第一句。第三段中,我们发现最后一句没有必要,也予以省略。本文虽然省略了很多句子,但依然有150个单词,完全符合词数要求。

参考译文

如图所示,一系列数据清晰地反映了(博客用户)数量的改变。 从2018年(1月)到(2月),(博客用户)数量是最少的;而(7月)到 (8月)(博客用户)数量最多。

不难理解,(7、8月份学生正放暑假),从而吸引了越来越多的 (用户在夏天使用博客)。然而,(1、2月份博客用户)数量最少,因



为人们在庆祝元旦和春节。

所以,图表所反映现象的可能趋势会是什么样的?在我看来,由于信息技术的快速发展,(博客用户)比重在接下来的几十年里将继续上升。

小结

大家一定要重视第1节中6篇范文的操练。很多同学在学习范文的时候存在以下问题:看了好几遍范文,却不去背诵;或者背下来了,但不去默写;或者勉强可以默写,却不能非常迅速地默写,而且错误百出。这些都不好。更加重要的是,大家要注重范文的实战操练,否则即使背了也达不到最好的效果。只有在实际操作中,我们才可以达到对范文模板的熟练掌握。

本章内容罗列并讲解了图表作文的主要框架,掌握了本章内容,考生就基本掌握了考研英语(二)图表作文写作,并为第三章内容的学习打下了坚实的基础。

